## 7.3 - Multiplying Radical Expressions

The Product Rule for Radicals For any real numbers  $\sqrt[n]{a}$  and  $\sqrt[n]{b}$ ,

$$\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a \cdot b}$$
.

(The product of two nth roots is the nth root of the product of the two radicands.)

## **Using the Product Rule to Simplify**

$$\sqrt[n]{ab} = \sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b}$$
.  
 $(\sqrt[n]{a} \text{ and } \sqrt[n]{b} \text{ must both be real numbers.})$ 

## To Simplify a Radical Expression with Index n by Factoring

- Express the radicand as a product in which one factor is the largest perfect nth power possible.
- 2. Take the nth root of each factor.
- Simplification is complete when no radicand has a factor that is a perfect nth power.

$$g)$$
  $\sqrt{32xy^2}$ 

3) Simplify 
$$f(x) = \int 2x^2 - 8x + 8$$

(f) Multiply & Simplify a) 570.514

b) 3/4·3/20

(2) (4) (4) (3) (4)