

Group Quiz 2
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 Math 152

Name: key.

No work = no credit

1.) Evaluate $I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos(3x) \sin(\sin(3x)) dx$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 \sin u du$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[-\cos u \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(-\cos 1 + \underbrace{\cos 0}_1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (1 - \cos 1)$$

Let $u = \sin(3x)$

$$\frac{du}{3} = \cos(3x) dx$$

$$u(0) = 0$$

$$u\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 1$$

2.) If $F(x) = \int_x^2 f(t) dt$ where $f(t) = \int_1^{t^2} \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du$, find $F''(2)$

$$F''(x) = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \int_x^2 \int_1^{t^2} \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du dt$$

$$= -\frac{d}{dx} \int_1^{x^2} \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du \quad \leftarrow \text{Let } A(x) = \int_1^x \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du$$

$$= -\frac{d}{dx} A(x^2)$$

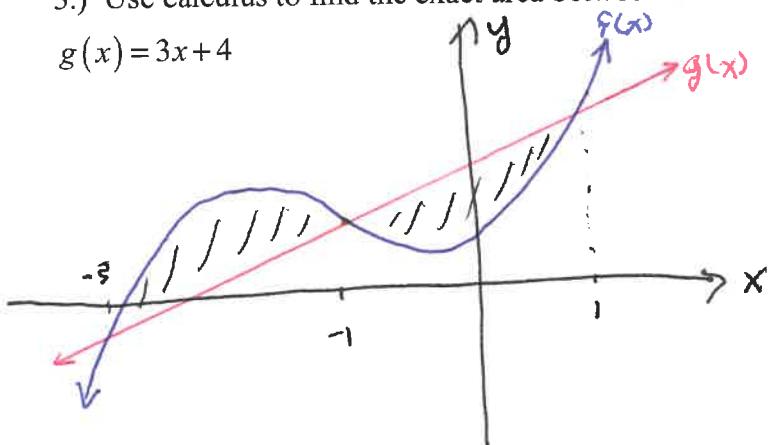
$$= -2x A'(x^2)$$

$$= -2x \frac{\sqrt{1+x^8}}{x^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{And } F''(2) = \frac{-4\sqrt{257}}{4}$$

$$= -\sqrt{257}$$

- 3.) Use calculus to find the exact area between the curves $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 1$ and $g(x) = 3x + 4$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= \int_{-3}^{-1} (f(x) - g(x)) dx + \int_{-1}^1 (g(x) - f(x)) dx \\
 &= \int_{-3}^{-1} (x^3 + 3x^2 + x - 3) dx + \int_{-1}^1 (-x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 3) dx \\
 &= \left[\frac{x^4}{4} + x^3 - \frac{x^2}{2} - 3x \right]_{-3}^{-1} + \left[-\frac{x^4}{4} - x^3 + \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x \right]_{-1}^1 \\
 &= \left[\left(\frac{1}{4} - 1 - \frac{1}{2} + 3 \right) - \left(\frac{81}{4} - 27 - \frac{9}{2} + 9 \right) \right] + \\
 &\quad \left[\left(-\frac{1}{4} - 1 + \frac{1}{2} + 3 \right) - \left(-\frac{1}{4} + 1 + \frac{1}{2} - 3 \right) \right] \\
 &= 8
 \end{aligned}$$

Alternate solution #1

$$\text{If } F(x) = \int_x^2 f(t) dt \\ = - \int_2^x f(t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow F'(x) = -f(x) \quad (\text{by FTOL 1}).$$

$$= - \int_1^{x^2} \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du$$

$$\Rightarrow F''(x) = -\frac{d}{dx} \int_1^{x^2} \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du \quad \text{Let } \omega = x^2$$

$$= -\frac{d}{d\omega} \int_1^\omega \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{1+\omega^4}}{\omega} \frac{d\omega}{dx} \quad (\text{by FTOL 1})$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{1+x^8}}{x^2} \cdot 2x \Big|_{x=2}^{-\sqrt{257}}$$

Alternate solution #2

$$\text{If } F(x) = \int_x^2 f(t) dt$$

$$= - \int_2^x f(t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow F'(x) = -f(x) \quad (\text{by FToC 1})$$

Now let $A(x) = \int_1^x \frac{\sqrt{1+u^4}}{u} du$ This is the cumulative area function.

$$\Rightarrow A'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^4}}{x} \quad (\text{by FToC 1})$$

We are now ready to go back to F and f

$$F''(x) = -f'(x) = -\frac{d}{dx} A(x^2)$$

$$= -A'(x^2) \cdot 2x$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{1+x^8}}{x^2} \cdot 2x \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} x=2 \\ -\sqrt{257} \end{array} \right.$$