

High 99%  
 $\bar{x}$  75.4%

40's	50's	60's	70's	80's	90's or 100's
6	9	5	6	5	

Test 1  
 Dusty Wilson  
 Math 098

Name: KEY

There'll be plenty of time to rest in the grave.

Paul Erdős (1913 - 1996)  
 Hungarian mathematician

No work = no credit

No Symbolic Calculators

Warm-ups (1 pt each):

$-4^2 = \underline{-16}$

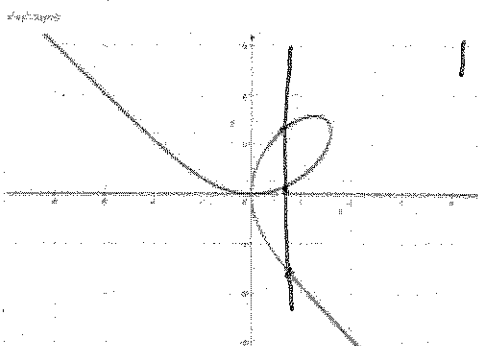
$(-4)^2 = \underline{16}$

$\frac{-4}{0} = \underline{\text{undefined}}$

1.) (1 pt) According to Erdős (see above), where should we catch up on sleep?

In the grave.

2.) (4 pts) Does the following graph represents a function?



1 x and 3 y's

Solution: No

3.) (6 pts) Find the following function values of  $g(z) = 5z^2 - 7$

a.)  $g(3) = \underline{38}$

b.)  $g(a) = \underline{5a^2 - 7}$

c.)  $g(a+h) - g(a) = \underline{10ah + 5h^2}$

$5(a+h)^2 - 7 - (5a^2 - 7)$   
 $= 5a^2 + 10ah + 5h^2 - 5a^2$

4.) (10 pts) Using the given graph, answer the following:

a.) Evaluate  $f(-2) = \underline{2}$

b.) Solve  $f(x) = 1$

$x = -3$

c.) Estimate the zero(s) of  $f$ ?

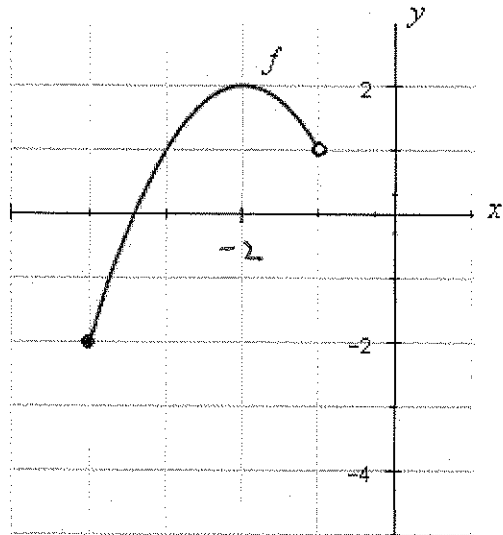
$x \approx -3.4$

d.) Write the domain of  $f$  in interval notation.

$[-4, -1)$

e.) Write the range of  $f$  in interval notation

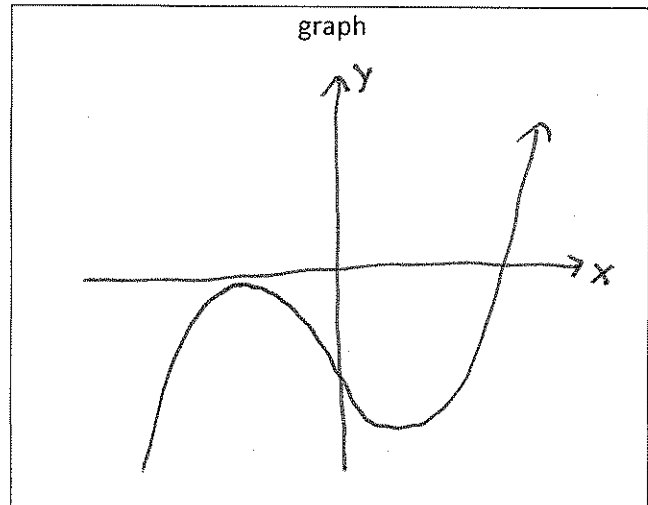
$[-2, 2]$



5.) (4 pts) Use your calculator to generate a graph of  $f(x) = 0.5x^3 + 1.08x^2 - 2.72x - 5.91$  and then find the zero(s) of this polynomial to the nearest thousandth. Carefully copy the graph into the box.

zero(s)

$x = 2.336$



6.) (6 pts) Consider  $6 - 9x^4 + 3x - 2x^2$

a.) Write in descending order

$$-9x^4 - 2x^2 + 3x + 6$$

b.) What is the degree of the given polynomial: 4

c.) What is the leading coefficient of the given polynomial: -9

7.) (8 pts) Add/subtract and simplify

a.)  $(-a^2 + 5b - 5ab - 2) + (5a^2 - b + 2ab + 11)$

Solution:  $4a^2 - 3ab + 4b + 9$

b.)  $(4y^2 + 3y - 2) - (-y^2 + 5y + 6)$

Solution:  $5y^2 - 2y - 8$

8.) (12 pts) Multiply and simplify

a.)  $(3q + 2)(5q - 4)$

Solution:  $15q^2 - 2q - 8$

b.)  $(5w - 2)^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (5w - 2)(5w - 2) \\ &= 25w^2 - 10w - 10w + 4 \\ &= 25w^2 - 20w + 4 \end{aligned}$$

Solution:  $25w^2 - 20w + 4$

c.)  $(x^2 + 2x + 1)(x^2 - x + 2)$

Solution:  $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + 3x + 2$

9.) (24 pts) Factor

a.)  $5y^3 - 5y^2 + 4y - 4$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (5y^3 - 5y^2) + (4y - 4) \\ &= 5y^2(y-1) + 4(y-1) \end{aligned}$$

Solution:  $(5y^2 + 4)(y-1)$

b.)  $3p^2 - 15p - 72$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3(p^2 - 5p - 24) \\ &= 3(p-8)(p+3) \end{aligned}$$

Solution:  $3(p-8)(p+3)$

c.)  $6a^2 + 7a - 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \mid -5 \\ 1 \mid +2 \end{array}$$

$AC = -60$   
 $+12 \cdot (-5) \checkmark$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (6a^2 - 5a) + (12a - 10) \\ &= a(6a - 5) + 2(6a - 5) \\ &= (a+2)(6a-5) \end{aligned}$$

Solution:  $(6a-5)(a+2)$

d.)  $12m^2 + 19m - 18$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \mid +9 \\ 3 \mid -2 \end{array}$$

$AC = -216$   
 $27(-8) \checkmark$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (12m^2 - 8m) + (27m - 18) \\ &= 4m(3m - 2) + 9(3m - 2) \\ &= (3m+2)(4m+9) \end{aligned}$$

Solution:  $(4m+9)(3m-2)$

e.)  $16y^2 - m^8n^6$

Solution:  $(4y + m^4n^3)(4y - m^4n^3)$

f.)  $8 + 125w^3$

Solution:  $(2+5w)(4-10w+25w^2)$

10.) (12 pts) Solve

a.)  $6x + x^2 = 55$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 6x - 55 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 11)(x - 5) = 0$$

Solution:  $x = -11$  OR  $x = 5$

b.)  $2x(4x + 3)(x - 5) = 0$

Solution:  $x = 0$  OR  $x = -\frac{3}{4}$  OR  $x = 5$

c.)  $x^2 - 9 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 3)(x - 3) = 0$$

Solution:  $x = \pm 3$