

Example 1: Examine

a.)  $\sqrt{9 \cdot 16}$  vs.  $\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{16}$

$$\sqrt{9 \cdot 16} = \sqrt{144} = 12$$

$$\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{16} = 3 \cdot 4 = 12$$

b.)  $\sqrt{9+16}$  vs.  $\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{16}$

~~$$\sqrt{9+16} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$~~

$$\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{16} = 3 + 4 = 7$$

Definition: (The product rule for radicals) For any real numbers  $\sqrt[n]{a}$  and  $\sqrt[n]{b}$ , we have  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a \cdot b}$ . That is, the product of two  $n$ th roots is the  $n$ th root of the product of the two radicands.

Example 2: Multiply

a.)  $\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{6} = \sqrt{5 \cdot 6}$

$$= \sqrt{30}$$

b.)  $\sqrt{x-4} \cdot \sqrt{x+4}$

$$= \sqrt{(x-4)(x+4)}$$

$$= \sqrt{x^2 - 16}$$

c.)  $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{8} = \sqrt{16}$

$$= 4$$

d.)  $\sqrt[3]{9} \cdot \sqrt[3]{3}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$= 3$$

Method: Using the product rule to simplify

$$\sqrt[n]{a \cdot b} = \sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} \text{ where } \sqrt[n]{a} \text{ and } \sqrt[n]{b} \text{ are both real numbers}$$

Example 3: Simplify  $\sqrt{50}$  (The Jail Story)

$$\sqrt{2 \cdot 25} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

Method: To simplify a radical expression with index  $n$  by factoring

- 1.) Express the radicand as a product in which one factor is the largest perfect  $n$ th power possible.
- 2.) Take the  $n$ th root of each factor.
- 3.) Simplification is complete when no radicand has a factor that is a perfect  $n$ th power.

Example 4: Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a.) } \sqrt{27} &= \sqrt{3 \cdot 9} \\ &= 3\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b.) } \sqrt[3]{40} &= \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 5} \\ &= 2\sqrt[3]{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c.) } \sqrt[4]{162} &= \sqrt[4]{2 \cdot 3^4} \\ &= 3\sqrt[4]{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d.) } \sqrt{169p^4r^6} &= \sqrt{169} \cdot \sqrt{p^4} \cdot \sqrt{r^6} \\ &= 13p^2r^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$32 = 2 \cdot 16$$

$$e.) \sqrt{81y^5} = 9y^2 \sqrt{y}$$

$$f.) \sqrt{32xy^2} = 4y \sqrt{2x}$$

$$32 = 2^5$$

$$g.) \sqrt[4]{32z^7}$$

$$= \sqrt[4]{2^5 z^7}$$

$$= 2z \sqrt[4]{2z^3}$$

$$h.) \sqrt[3]{24a^9b^4}$$

$$24 = 8 \cdot 3$$

$$= 2a^3 b \sqrt[3]{3b}$$

Example 5: You try to simplify  $\sqrt[3]{108x^{14}y^{27}z^{34}}$

$$= \sqrt[3]{2^2 \cdot 3^3 x^{14} y^{27} z^{34}}$$

$$= 3x^4 y^9 z^{11} \sqrt[3]{4x^2z}$$

Example 6: Simplify  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x^2 - 8x + 8}$

$$= \sqrt{2(x^2 - 4x + 4)}$$

$$= \sqrt{2(x-2)^2}$$

$$= |x-2| \sqrt{2}$$

Example 7: Multiply and simplify

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{a.) } \sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{14} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 7} = 2\sqrt{35} \\ \quad \wedge \quad \wedge \\ \quad 2 \ 5 \ 2 \ 7 \end{array}$$

$$\text{b.) } \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot \sqrt[3]{20} = \sqrt[3]{\underbrace{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}_{4} \cdot \underbrace{2 \cdot 5}_{20}} = 2\sqrt[3]{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c.) } \sqrt[4]{4a^3b^5} \cdot \sqrt[4]{20a^2b^7} &= \sqrt[4]{\underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_{4} a^3 b^5 \cdot \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_{4} 5 a^2 b^7} \\ &= 2\sqrt[4]{5a^5b^{12}} \\ &= 2ab^3\sqrt[4]{5a} \end{aligned}$$