

1.1: Intro to Linear Systems

1.1
1/3

ex1: Consider the task of pulling a weight of 40
dars up a hill; we have one military ~~horse~~ horse,
two ordinary horses, and three weak horses at
our disposal. It turns out that the military horse
and one of the ordinary horses, pulling together,
are barely able to pull the weight (but no
more). Likewise the two ordinary horses w/
one weak horse are just able to do the
job, as are the three weak horses together
w/ the military horse. How much weight can
each of the horses pull ~~together?~~ (1 ch . ch 8 #12)

Solution:

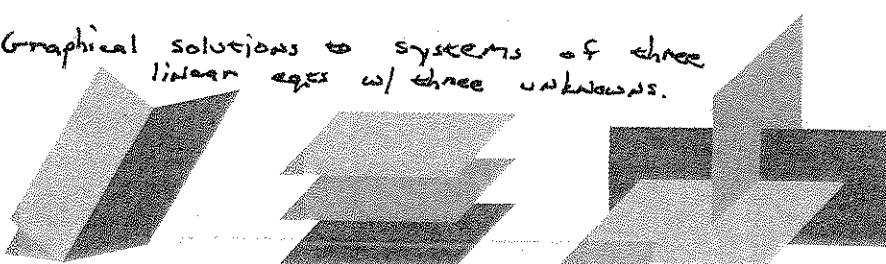
Let $m = \# \text{ of } \overset{\text{dars}}{\text{military horses}}$ can pull.

$\Theta = \# \text{ of } \overset{\text{dars}}{\text{ordinary horses}}$ can pull

$w = \# \text{ of } \overset{\text{dars}}{\text{weak horses}}$. can pull

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} m + \Theta = 40 \\ 2\Theta + w = 40 \\ m + 3w = 40 \end{array} \right|$$

Graphical solutions to systems of three
linear eqs w/ three unknowns.



ex 2: Solve

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + 2y + 3z = 1 \\ x + 3y + 4z = 3 \\ x + 4y + 5z = 4 \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{l} E_2 - E_1 \rightarrow E_2 \\ E_3 - E_1 \rightarrow E_3 \end{array}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + 2y + 3z = 1 \\ 0 + y + z = 2 \\ 0 + 2y + 2z = 3 \end{array} \right| \quad E_3 - 2E_2 \rightarrow E_3$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + 2y + 3z = 1 \\ 0 + y + z = 2 \\ 0 + 0 + 0 = -1 \end{array} \right| \quad \Leftarrow \quad 0 = -1 \quad \underline{\text{false}}$$

No solution. (the system is "inconsistent").

ex 3: After elimination, sometimes (many times) we are unable to find a single solution.

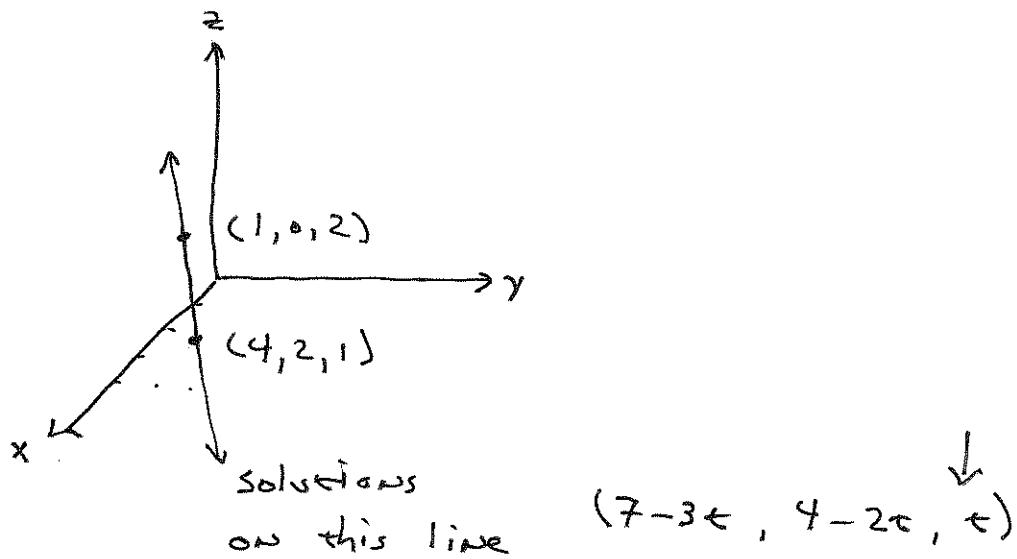
$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + 0 + 3z = 7 \\ 0 + y + 2z = 4 \\ 0 + 0 + 0 = 0 \end{array} \right| \quad \Leftarrow \quad 0 = 0 \quad \underline{\text{True}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3z = 7 \\ y + 2z = 4 \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} x = 7 - 3z \\ y = 4 - 2z \end{array}$$

2 eqs & 3 unknowns.

Notice that choosing values for z determines points in the solution set.

$z=1 \Rightarrow (4, 2, 1)$ is a soln.



This system is "consistent" and has infinitely many solutions.