

Answer key
(via Lance)
13.4

$$1. a.) \quad v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta r(t)}{\Delta t}$$

$$[0, 1] = 1.8i - 3.8j - .7k$$

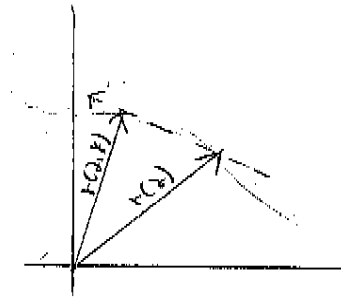
$$[.5, 1] = \frac{r(1) - r(.5)}{1 - .5} = 2i - 2.4j - .6k$$

$$[1, 2] = \frac{r(2) - r(1)}{2 - 1} = 2.8i + .8j - .4k$$

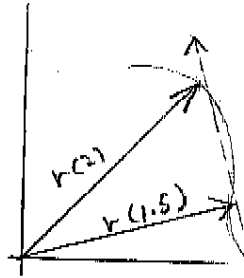
$$\begin{aligned} b.) \quad v(1) &= \frac{1}{2} [(2.8i + .8j - .4k) + (2i - 2.4j - .6k)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [4.8i - 1.6j - k] \\ &= 2.4i - .8j - .5k \end{aligned}$$

$$|v(1)| = \sqrt{(2.4)^2 + (.8)^2 + (.5)^2} = 2.58$$

2. a.)

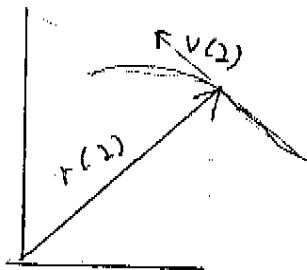


b.)



$$c.) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{r(2+h) - r(2)}{h}$$

d.)



$$|v(2)| \approx \frac{1}{2} (2.8 + 2.7) \approx 2.75$$

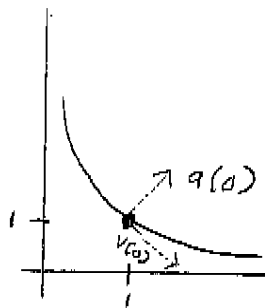
$$5. \quad r'(t) = v(t) = (e^t) i - (e^{-t}) j$$

$$v(0) = i - j$$

$$r''(t) = a(t) = (e^t) i + (e^t) j$$

$$a(0) = i + j$$

$$|v(t)| = \sqrt{e^{2t} + e^{-2t}}$$



$$9. \quad v(t) = \langle 2t, 3t^2, 2t \rangle$$

$$a(t) = \langle 2, 6t, 2 \rangle$$

$$|v(t)| = \sqrt{4t^2 + 9t^4 + 4t^2} = \sqrt{8t^2 + 9t^4}$$

$$16. \quad v(t) = \int -10k \, dt = -10t k + C$$

$$C = i + j - k$$

$$v(t) = i + j - (1+10t)k$$

$$r(t) = \int i + j - (1+10t)k \, dt$$

$$= ti + tj - (t+5t^2)k + C_2$$

$$C_2 = 2i + 3j$$

$$r(t) = i(t+2) + j(t+3) - k(t+5t^2)$$

$$21. \quad a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{20}{4} = 5 \text{ K}$$

$$v(t) = \int a(t) dt = \int 5 \text{ K} dt = 5t \text{ K} + C$$

$$v(t) = i - j + 5t \text{ K}$$

$$r(t) = \int (i - j + 5t \text{ K}) dt = ti - tj + \frac{5t^2}{2} \text{ K}$$

$$|v(t)| = \sqrt{1 + 1 + (5t)^2} = \sqrt{2 + 25t^2}$$

$$22. \quad \vec{v}(t) = C \quad C \text{ is constant}$$

$$\vec{a}(t) = 0$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a} = 0$$

therefore, \vec{v} & \vec{a} are orthogonal

$$23. \quad a.) \quad d = \frac{(500)^2 \sin 60^\circ}{9.8} = 20 \text{ km} \text{ or } 204 \text{ m}$$

$$b.) \quad y = 500 \sin 30^\circ t - \frac{1}{2} (9.8) t^2$$

$$= 250t - 4.9t^2 = 0 \quad \frac{51}{2} = 25.5 = t$$

$$\frac{-250 \pm 250}{-9.8} = 51 \quad y(25.5) \approx 3.2 \text{ km}$$

$$c.) \quad v(t) = 250\sqrt{3}i + (250 - 9.8t)j$$

$$|v(51)| = \sqrt{(250\sqrt{3})^2 + (250 - 9.8(51))^2} = 500 \text{ m/s}$$

$$28. \quad x = V_0 \cos \alpha t +$$

$$V_0 \cos \alpha t = 400$$

$$115 \cos 50^\circ t = 400$$

$$t = 5.4$$

$$V(5.4) = 115 \sin 50^\circ (5.4) - \frac{1}{2} (5.4)^2 (32) + 3$$

$$= 11.2 - ft > 10 ft$$

home run

$$33. \quad r'(t) = -\sin t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$|r'(t)| = \sqrt{\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t + 1} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$r''(t) = -\cos t \mathbf{i} - \sin t \mathbf{j}$$

$$r'(t) \times r''(t) = \sin t \mathbf{i} - \cos t \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

$$a_T = \frac{\sin t \cos t - \sin t \cos t}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

$$a_N = \frac{\sqrt{\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t + 1}}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$$

$$38. \quad L(t) = m r(t) \times v(t)$$

$$L'(t) = m (r'(t) \times v(t) + r(t) \times v'(t))$$

$$= m (0 + r(t) \times a(t))$$

$$= T(t) \quad \checkmark$$