

Test 1
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Math 115

Name: KEY

Mathematicians have never been in full agreement on their science, though it is said to be the science of self-evident verities -- absolute, indisputable and definitive. They have always been in controversy over developing aspects of mathematics, and they have always considered their own age to be in a period of crisis.

Henri Léon Lebesgue (1875 - 1941)
French mathematician

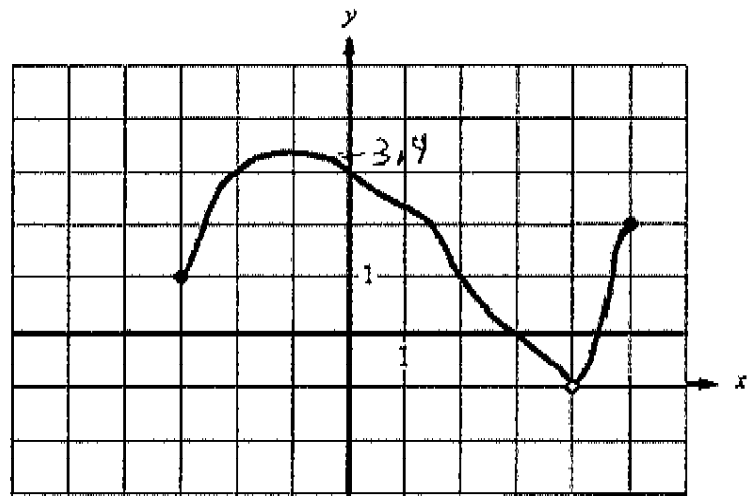
No work = no credit

Warm-ups (1 pt each) $\frac{2}{0} = \underline{\text{undefined}}$ $-3^2 = \underline{-9}$ $(-3)^2 = \underline{9}$

1.) (1 pt) According to the quote (see above), mathematicians have always considered their own age to be in a period of crisis (fill in the blank).

2.) (11 pts) Use the given graph of $f(x)$ to answer the following questions.

- a.) $f(-3) = \underline{1}$
 b.) $f(-5) = \underline{\text{undefined}}$
 c.) $f(4) = \underline{\text{undefined}}$
 d.) $f(x) = 3$: when $x = -2$ OR $x = 0$
 e.) $f(x) = 4$: when NO solution
 f.) $f(f(-2)) = \underline{f(3) = 0}$



g.) The domain of f (use set notation)

$$\{x \mid -3 \leq x < 4 \text{ or } 4 < x \leq 5\}$$

h.) The range of f (use any notation)

$$\{y \mid -1 < y \leq 3, 4\}$$

3.) (1 pt) Given some function $f(x)$, how would you determine algebraically whether f is an even function? (What is the test for even functions?)

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

4.) (1 pt) Given the graph of some function $g(x)$, how would we determine if g is an odd function?

symmetric about the origin

5.) (3 pts) Suppose that $h(x) = f(g(x))$. Complete the following table. If an item cannot be determined from the given information or is undefined, put an asterisk (“*”) in the given space.

x	$f(x)$	$g(x)$	$h(x) = f(g(x))$
0	5	2	3
1	7	1	7
2	3	0	5

$$h(1) = f(g(1)) = f(1) = 7$$

$$h(2) = f(g(2)) = f(0) = 5$$

$$f(2) = f(g(0)) = h(0) = 3$$

6.) (4 pts) Express the statement, “The domain of f is the set of all x 's such that x does not equal 2” in set notation.

Solution: $\{x \mid x \neq 2\}$

7.) (4 pts) Find the average rate of change of $f(x) = 3x^2 - 7$ on the interval $[a, a+h]$. Show all of your work. Hint, this requires evaluating the difference quotient.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ave Roc} &= \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{(a+h) - a} \\ &= \frac{(3(a+h)^2 - 7) - (3a^2 - 7)}{h} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{3a^2} + 6ah + 3h^2 - \cancel{7} - \cancel{3a^2} + \cancel{7}}{h} = \frac{6ah + 3h^2}{h} \end{aligned}$$

Solution: $6a + 3h = \text{Ave Roc}$

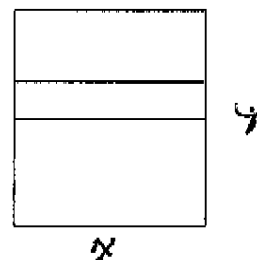
8.) (4 pts) If 1200 feet of fence is to be used to enclose 3 adjacent rectangular pens, find the dimensions of the maximum total area that can be enclosed (see the picture)? Express your solution in a complete sentence.

$$1200 = 4x + 2y \Rightarrow y = \frac{1200 - 4x}{2}$$

$$\text{Area } A = x \cdot y \Rightarrow A(x) = x(600 - 2x)$$

zeros @ $x=0$ & $x=300$

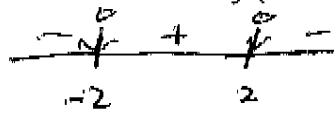
$$\Rightarrow \text{vertex @ } (150, A(150)) = (150, 45000)$$



The rectangle should be 150 ft by 300 ft.

9.) (6 pts) Let $f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{7-x}$. Find $f(g(x))$ its domain. Place all answers in the given spaces and use set notation when expressing the domain.

a.) (2 pts) Find the domain of f (the domain of g is given).



$D_f = \{x \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2\}$

$D_g = \{x \mid x \leq 7\}$

b.) (2 pts) Find $f(g(x))$.

$$\begin{aligned} f(g(x)) &= f(\sqrt{7-x}) = \sqrt{4 - (\sqrt{7-x})^2} \\ &= \sqrt{4 - (7-x)} \\ &= \sqrt{x-3} \\ f(g(x)) &= \sqrt{x-3} \end{aligned}$$

c.) (2 pts) What is the domain of $f \circ g$? *set notation*

$x \leq 7$ AND $x \geq 3$

$D_{f \circ g} = \{x \mid 3 \leq x \leq 7\}$

10.) (7 pts) Consider the graph of the piece-wise defined function h given. Use the graph to complete the following:

a.) $h(-2) = 0$

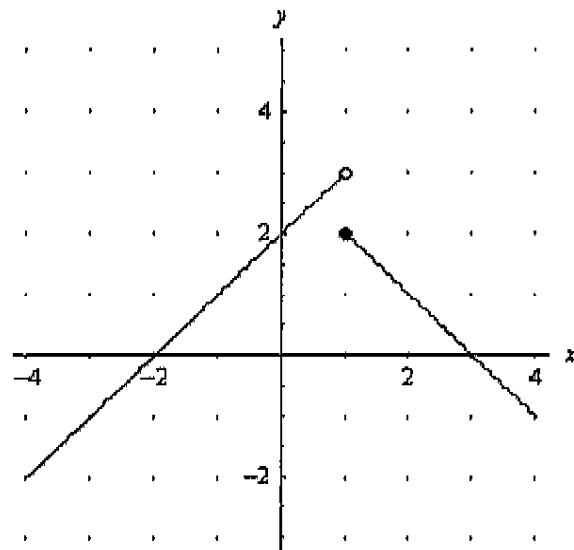
b.) $h(1) = 2$

c.) The range of h (set notation):

$\{y \mid y < 3\}$

d.) Complete the definition of h (fill in the blanks)

$h(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x+2}{3-x}, & x < 1 \\ \frac{x-2}{x+2}, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$



11.) (5 pts) Algebraically, find the intercepts and vertex of the parabola $g(x) = 4x^2 - 12x - 40$.

Circle your results.

y-intercept? $g(0) = \underline{-40}$

x-intercept: $0 = 4x^2 - 12x - 40$

$\Rightarrow 0 = x^2 - 3x - 10$

$\Rightarrow 0 = (x - 5)(x + 2)$

$\Rightarrow \underline{x = -2 \text{ or } x = 5}$

vertex: $g(x) = 4x^2 - 12x - 40$

$= 4(x^2 - 3x) - 40$

$= 4(x^2 - 3x + \frac{9}{4} - \frac{9}{4}) - 40$

$= 4(x - \frac{3}{2})^2 - 49$

$\Rightarrow (\frac{3}{2}, -49)$

12.) (4 pts) Given the graph of $h(x)$, perform the following:

Graph the following function on the given axes

a.) $h(-x) + 3$

Express the equation of the function graphed in terms of $h(x)$. For example, you might write " $h(x) + 1$."

b.) $-h(\frac{1}{2}x) - 1$

