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## 7.8: Improper Integrals

Ex1: Find the area under  $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$  on  $[1, t]$

we define  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^t \frac{dx}{x^2}$

Ex2:  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x}$

Ex3:  $\int_{-\infty}^0 2x e^{-x^2} dx$

Ex4:  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2x e^{-x^2} dx$

The p-test:  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^p} dx$

Ex5:  $\int_1^9 \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x-9}}$

end of day 1

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Ex6:  $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{e^x}{e^x - 1} dx$

convergence vs. divergence.

Ex7:  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}$  (p-test)

Ex8:  $\int_0^1 \ln(x) dx$

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## Comparison test for improper integrals.

Suppose  $f$  and  $g$  are cont. w/  $f(x) > g(x) > 0$   
for  $x > a$ , then.

a) IF  $\int_a^{\infty} f(x) dx$  is convergent...

b) IF  $\int_a^{\infty} g(x) dx$  is divergent...

Ex 9:  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$

Ex 10:  $\int_0^1 \frac{e^{-x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Ex 11:  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{2+e^{-x}}{x} dx$

Ex 12:  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{x \sin x}$