Math of Finance

# **Appendix 3: Selected Solutions/Hints**

(Some solutions are only partially shown)

## Section 1

- 1. (a)  $a_1 = 3 + 2(1)^2 = 5$   $a_2 = 3 + 2(2)^2 = 11$   $a_3 = 3 + 2(3)^2 = 21$   $a_4 = 3 + 2(4)^2 = 35$ and so on where the pattern is: 5, 11, 21, 35, 53, 75
  - (c) 1, 4, 27, 256, 3125, 46656

$$\frac{1+1}{1^2} = 2$$
(d)  $f_1 = (-1)^{1-1} \frac{1}{1^2} = 2$ 

$$\frac{2+1}{2^2} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

and so on where the pattern is: 2, -3/4, 4/9, -5/16, 6/25, -7/49 (the pattern is easier to see if the answers are left as fractions!)

- **2b.** (i) An easy pattern: next 3 terms are 5/6, 6/7, 7/8
  - (ii)  $f_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$  (*n* gives you 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 for numerator, and denominator is 1 larger)
- **3.** Start with 5, and then multiply by 3 to get successive terms:

5, 15, 45, 135, 405, 1215

The formula for this sequence is  $a_n = 5(3)^{n-1}$ .  $a_{17} = 5(3)^{16} = 215233605$ .  $S_{12} = (5(3)^{12} - 5)/(3-1) = 1328600$ 

7. - 2, 4, -8, 16, -32, 64  $S_8 = (-2(-2)^8 - (-2))/(-2-1) = -510/-3 = 170$   $S_{29} = (-2(-2)^{29} - (-2))/(-2-1) = -357,913,942$ 

9. If the loan is L, the remaining new loan balance is L - .12L = .88L. So just multiply by .88 to get the next month's balance. Hence we have a geometric sequence whose ratio is .88. The balance after *n* payments is  $B_n = 4400(.88)^{n-1}$  So after 1 year(12 payments) the balance is  $4400(.88)^{11} = \$1,078.36$  (By the way, you'd be correct if you said that  $B_n = 5000(.88)^n$ ). If we want to know when we have \$10 left, solve

$$10 = 4400(.88)^{n-1} \implies 10/4400 = .88^{n-1} \implies \log(1/440) = (n-1)\log .88$$

 $(n-1)\log .88 \Rightarrow \log(1/440) / \log .88 = n-1 \Rightarrow n - 1 \approx 47.6 \Rightarrow n \approx 48.6$  months

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If you similarly solve the equation for \$1, you will get  $n \approx 66.6$  months. (From a practical point of view, at some point you just say, "I'll pay off the balance" rather than dragging this out forever.)

### Section 2

- 1.  $A = 5000(1 + 0.06/12)^{12(15)} = $12,270.47$
- 3. (c)  $A = 10000(1+0.08/12)^{12(20)} = \$ 49,268.03$ (f)  $A = 10000 e^{0.08(20)} = \$49,530.32$

5. 
$$\$600000 = P\left(1 + \frac{0.045}{12}\right)^{12(15)} \Rightarrow P = \frac{\$600000}{\left(1 + \frac{0.045}{12}\right)^{12(15)}} = \$305, 879.77$$

- **7.** *A* = \$17,425.64
- 9.  $\approx 7$  yrs 10 months
- 11.  $\approx 128.31 \text{ months} \approx 10.7 \text{ years}$

#### Section 3

1. 
$$r_{eff} = \left(1 + \frac{0.056}{365}\right)^{365} - 1 \approx 0.0576 = 5.76\%$$

- 3. Solve  $0.072 = e^{r} 1$ . (show work)  $\Rightarrow r \approx 6.95\%$
- 7. Solve  $\$1\left(1+\frac{r}{12}\right)^{12} = \$1e^{0.07}$ . (The effect on \$1 for one year should be the same). Taking the  $12^{\text{th}}$  root,  $1+\frac{r}{12} = \left(e^{0.07}\right)^{\frac{1}{12}} \Rightarrow$  you finish the work.

#### Section 4

1. 
$$FV = 7000 \frac{(1+0.07/2)^{2(15)} - 1}{0.07/2} = $361,358.74$$
  
3. Solve  $54000 = P \frac{(1+0.075/12)^{12(10)} - 1}{0.075/12}$ . You should get  $P = $303.49$ .

- **5.** \$238,129.46
- **7.** \$87,743.68

## Section 5

1. 
$$Pmt = 1300 \frac{0.18/12}{1 - (1 + 0.18/12)^{-12(2)}} = $64.90$$

Since you made 24 payments of 64.90, the stereo cost 24(64.90) or 1,557.60. The extra over the 1,300 is the interest you paid.

- **3.** We need an approximate down payment of \$564.
- 5. We need to solve the equation below for m. This is another job for logarithms.

$$\$932.73 = \$125,000 \left( \frac{\frac{0.078}{12}}{1 - \left(1 + \frac{0.078}{12}\right)^{-m}} \right)$$
$$\Rightarrow \$932.73 \left( 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0.078}{12}\right)^{-m} \right) = \$125,000 \left(\frac{0.078}{12}\right)$$

 $m \approx 316.2$  months ( $\approx 26$  years 4 months)

(take the log of both sides and solve for *m*.)

316 months at \$932.73 per month gives a total of \$294,742.68, a savings of \$21,147.36. If you use 316.2 for your value of m, you'll get an answer of \$20,960.81 for savings.

7. You will save \$13,388.21. You take out \$13,388.00 for your down payment. What you still owe is \$30,500-\$13,388 = \$17,112. This will be the loan you take out. Your monthly payment is \$354.39.

## **Appendix 2: Miscellaneous Problems**

- **1.** \$41,447.03
- **3.**  $r_{eff} \approx 0.04576... \approx 4.58\%$

5. 
$$FV = 1000 \frac{(1+0.08/4)^{15(4)} - 1}{0.08/4} = \$114,051.54$$
 This is put in a savings account

(assuming no additional monthly payments)

 $A = \$114,051.54e^{0.06(10)} = \$207,815.46$ 

**7.** Payment is \$538.52